

REQUEST FOR FAMILY & MEDICAL LEAVE OF ABSENCE (FMLA)

Co-workers who have been employed at least 12 months and have been paid 1,250 hours or more during

the 12 months preceding the start of the leave a 12-month period.	are eligible for FN	MLA for	a period o	of up to 12	work wee	ks in
I,	, formally	request	FMLA	expected	to begin	n on
with an anticipated return	to work date of _		·			
The reason for this request is (check one):						
 My own serious health condition* Serious health condition of my spouse, chi Birth of a child* Adoption or placement of a child Care of family member injured in military Military exigency 	•					
*I acknowledge that I must have the health car Care Provider form prior to the leave or withi upon return to work, I will submit a Return to working any hours.	in 15 days of reco	eipt. For	my own	serious he	alth cond	ition,
I am requesting an intermittent or reduced	hours FMLA as o	described	:			
I acknowledge that all FMLA taken will be cre While on an <i>unpaid</i> FMLA, I am responsible f Human Resources on the first non-paid pay terminated after 30 days. I acknowledge that v payroll deductions from my paychecks. I acknowledge a FMLA by notifying HR within 30 day I acknowledge that I must maintain frequen weeks prior to the expiration of my FMLA to my supervisor, do not return to work at the enqualified, I will be considered as resigning my outstanding balances due to the City including	for submitting bi- yday and each p while on a paid F nowledge that I a ys of the start of the t contact with m express my availa nd of my FMLA o y position. I ack	weekly in ayday the MLA, Cilso have the leave. The system of the system	surance pereafter ty of Rog the optional diate sup- return to on, or re- te that I w	or my covers will conto disconto disconto work. If I fuse a job iill be response.	as applicate we age with the coverage with the coverage and do not co for which consible for	ble to ill be make erage I two ontact I am r any
I understand the FMLA policy and my obligati falsification related to medical certification maincluding termination.						
Employee Signature			Ē	ate		
Home Address			T	elephone		
Supervisor/Manager Signature			Ē	ate		
Human Resources Signature			Ē	ate		

EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER THE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT

Basic Leave Entitlement

FMLA requires covered employers to provide up to 12 weeks of unpaid, job-protected leave to eligible employees for the following reasons:

- for incapacity due to pregnancy, prenatal medical care or child birth;
- to care for the employee's child after birth, or placement for adoption or foster care;
- to care for the employee's spouse, son, daughter or parent, who has a serious health condition; or
- for a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the employee's job.

Military Family Leave Entitlements

Eligible employees whose spouse, son, daughter or parent is on covered active duty or call to covered active duty status may use their 12-week leave entitlement to address certain qualifying exigencies. Qualifying exigencies may include attending certain military events, arranging for alternative childcare, addressing certain financial and legal arrangements, attending certain counseling sessions, and attending post-deployment reintegration briefings.

FMLA also includes a special leave entitlement that permits eligible employees to take up to 26 weeks of leave to care for a covered service-member during a single 12-month period. A covered servicemember is: (1) a current member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list, for a serious injury or illness*; or (2) a veteran who was discharged or released under conditions other than dishonorable at any time during the five-year period prior to the first date the eligible employee takes FMLA leave to care for the covered veteran, and who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy for a serious injury or illness.*

*The FMLA definitions of "serious injury or illness" for current servicemembers and veterans are distinct from the FMLA definition of "serious health condition".

Benefits and Protections

During FMLA leave, the employer must maintain the employee's health coverage under any "group health plan" on the same terms as if the employee had continued to work. Upon return from FMLA leave, most employees must be restored to their original or equivalent positions with equivalent pay, benefits, and other employment terms.

Use of FMLA leave cannot result in the loss of any employment benefit that accrued prior to the start of an employee's leave.

Eligibility Requirements

Employees are eligible if they have worked for a covered employer for at least 12 months, have 1,250 hours of service in the previous 12 months*, and if at least 50 employees are employed by the employer within 75 miles.

*Special hours of service eligibility requirements apply to airline flight crew employees.

Definition of Serious Health Condition

A serious health condition is an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves either an overnight stay in a medical care facility, or continuing treatment by a health care provider for a condition that either prevents the employee from performing the functions of the employee's job, or prevents the qualified family member from participating in school or other daily activities.

Subject to certain conditions, the continuing treatment requirement may be met by a period of incapacity of more than 3 consecutive calendar days combined with at least two visits to a health care provider or one visit and

a regimen of continuing treatment, or incapacity due to pregnancy, or incapacity due to a chronic condition. Other conditions may meet the definition of continuing treatment.

Use of Leave

An employee does not need to use this leave entitlement in one block. Leave can be taken intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule when medically necessary. Employees must make reasonable efforts to schedule leave for planned medical treatment so as not to unduly disrupt the employer's operations. Leave due to qualifying exigencies may also be taken on an intermittent basis.

Substitution of Paid Leave for Unpaid Leave

Employees may choose or employers may require use of accrued paid leave while taking FMLA leave. In order to use paid leave for FMLA leave, employees must comply with the employer's normal paid leave policies.

Employee Responsibilities

Employees must provide 30 days advance notice of the need to take FMLA leave when the need is foreseeable. When 30 days notice is not possible, the employee must provide notice as soon as practicable and generally must comply with an employer's normal call-in procedures.

Employees must provide sufficient information for the employer to determine if the leave may qualify for FMLA protection and the anticipated timing and duration of the leave. Sufficient information may include that the employee is unable to perform job functions, the family member is unable to perform daily activities, the need for hospitalization or continuing treatment by a health care provider, or circumstances supporting the need for military family leave. Employees also must inform the employer if the requested leave is for a reason for which FMLA leave was previously taken or certified. Employees also may be required to provide a certification and periodic recertification supporting the need for leave.

Employer Responsibilities

Covered employers must inform employees requesting leave whether they are eligible under FMLA. If they are, the notice must specify any additional information required as well as the employees' rights and responsibilities. If they are not eligible, the employer must provide a reason for the ineligibility.

Covered employers must inform employees if leave will be designated as FMLA-protected and the amount of leave counted against the employee's leave entitlement. If the employer determines that the leave is not FMLA-protected, the employer must notify the employee.

Unlawful Acts by Employers

FMLA makes it unlawful for any employer to:

- interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of any right provided under FMLA; and
- discharge or discriminate against any person for opposing any practice made unlawful by FMLA or for involvement in any proceeding under or relating to FMLA.

Enforcement

An employee may file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Labor or may bring a private lawsuit against an employer.

FMLA does not affect any Federal or State law prohibiting discrimination, or supersede any State or local law or collective bargaining agreement which provides greater family or medical leave rights.

FMLA section 109 (29 U.S.C. § 2619) requires FMLA covered employers to post the text of this notice. Regulation 29 C.F.R. § 825.300(a) may require additional disclosures.





Certification of Qualifying Exigency For Military Family Leave (Family and Medical Leave Act)

U.S. Department of Labor Wage and Hour Division



OMB Control Number: 1235-0003 Expires: 2/28/2015

SECTION I: For Completion by the EMPLOYER

INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYER: The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) provides that an employer may require an employee seeking FMLA leave due to a qualifying exigency to submit a certification. Please complete Section I before giving this form to your employee. Your response is voluntary, and while you are not required to use this form, you may not ask the employee to provide more information than allowed under the FMLA regulations, 29 C.F.R. § 825.309.

Employer name:			
Contact Information:			
SECTION II: For Completion	n by the EMPLOYEE		
INSTRUCTIONS to the EMI		te Section II fully and comple	etely. The FMLA permits an
employer to require that you su leave due to a qualifying exiger of the qualifying exigency. Be sufficient to determine FMLA of While you are not required to p	bmit a timely, complete, ancy. Several questions in as specific as you can; te coverage. Your response	nd sufficient certification to s his section seek a response as ms such as "unknown," or "ir s required to obtain a benefit.	support a request for FMLA s to the frequency or duration adeterminate" may not be 29 C.F.R. § 825.310.
FMLA leave. Your employer r			
	B		vo y vv- v
Your Name:First			
First	Middle	Last	
Name of covered military mem First	ber on active duty or call Middle	Last	t of a contingency operation:
1 1100	1111411	2400	
Relationship of covered militar	y member to you:		
Period of covered military men	nber's active duty:		
A complete and sufficient certi- written documentation confirm of a contingency operation. Ple	ing a covered military me	nber's active duty or call to a	
A copy of the covere	d military member's activ	e duty orders is attached	
		ng that the covered military m	nember is
on active duty (or has	s been notified of an impe	nding call to active duty) in su	
contingency operatio			
		sufficient written documentati duty status in support of a cor	

PART A: QUALIFYING REASON FOR LEAVE

	A complete and sufficient certification to support a request for FMLA leave due to a qualifying exigency includes any available written documentation which supports the need for leave; such documentation may include a copy of a meeting announcement for informational briefings sponsored by the military, a document confirming an appointment with a counselor or school official, or a copy of a bill for services for the handling of legal or financial affairs. Available written documentation supporting this request for leave is attachedYesNoNone Available
R7	T B: AMOUNT OF LEAVE NEEDED
	Approximate date exigency commenced:
	Probable duration of exigency:
	Will you need to be absent from work for a single continuous period of time due to the qualifying exigency?NoYes.
	If so, estimate the beginning and ending dates for the period of absence:
	Will you need to be absent from work periodically to address this qualifying exigency?NoYes.
	Estimate schedule of leave, including the dates of any scheduled meetings or appointments:
	Estimate the frequency and duration of each appointment, meeting, or leave event, including any travel time (<u>i.e.</u> , 1 deployment-related meeting every month lasting 4 hours):
	Frequency: times per week(s) month(s)
	Duration: hours day(s) per event.

Page 2 CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE Form WH-384 January 2009

PART C:

If leave is requested to meet with a third party (such as to arrange for childcare, to attend counseling, to attend meetings with school or childcare providers, to make financial or legal arrangements, to act as the covered military member's representative before a federal, state, or local agency for purposes of obtaining, arranging or appealing military service benefits, or to attend any event sponsored by the military or military service organizations), a complete and sufficient certification includes the name, address, and appropriate contact information of the individual or entity with whom you are meeting (i.e., either the telephone or fax number or email address of the individual or entity). This information may be used by your employer to verify that the information contained on this form is accurate.

Name of Individual:	Title:	
Organization:		
Address:		
	Fax: ()	
Email:		
PART D:		
I certify that the information I provided	above is true and correct.	
Signature of Employee	 Date	

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE AND PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT

If submitted, it is mandatory for employers to retain a copy of this disclosure in their records for three years. 29 U.S.C. § 2616; 29 C.F.R. § 825.500. Persons are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The Department of Labor estimates that it will take an average of 20 minutes for respondents to complete this collection of information, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, send them to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Room S-3502, 200 Constitution AV, NW, Washington, DC 20210. **DO NOT SEND THE COMPLETED FORM TO THE WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION; RETURN IT TO THE EMPLOYER.**

Page 3 Form WH-384 January 2009